The Office for Dispute Resolution (ODR)



The Office for Dispute Resolution (ODR) Who Are We?

- Funded by the Department of Education (PDE)
- Meets federal requirement of having due process and mediation available to parents and local education agencies



Exemplar State

 Pennsylvania is only one of four states selected by CADRE (with approval by OSEP) as an "exemplar state" in the area of special education dispute resolution



CADRE Continuum of Dispute Resolution Processes & Practices Steps of Conflict Steps of Conflict Steps of Conflict Assistance Intervention Conflict Steps of Co

Mandated Services

- ODR provides services that are mandated by federal and state law:
 - Due Process Hearings
 - Mediation



Non-mandated Services

- Alternative Dispute Resolution services through ODR are not mandated by law
- Are available for resolving disputes locally and proactively
- Voluntary



Non-mandated ODR Services

- IEP/GIEP/IFSP Facilitation
- Resolution Meeting Facilitation
- Special Education ConsultLine
- Call Resolution Process (CRP)
- Creating Agreement Training
- Hearing Officer Settlement Conference



IEP/IFSP/GIEP Facilitation



IEP/IFSP/GIEP Facilitation

- Voluntary process when parties agree to the presence/assistance of neutral person when discussing IEP/IFSP/GIEP issues
- Typically used when communication has been hampered or stalled or the relationship between family and school is perceived to be tenuous



IEP/IFSP/GIEP Facilitation is...

- Free for IDEA-related claims
- Completely voluntary
- Provided by ODR facilitators who have satisfied specialized training requirements established by ODR
- Initiated by the parent or the LEA by contacting ODR
- Scheduled relatively quickly
- Parents may contact ConsultLine for information and assistance if needed



IEP/IFSP/GIEP Facilitation...

- All mandatory duties of the LEA and actions associated with the IEP/IFSP/GIEP remain in tact
- Does not usurp the role of the IEP/IFSP team; the LEA continues to lead the meeting
- The team (not ODR) sets a date for the meeting and provides invitation to participate to parents



IEP/IFSP/GIEP Facilitation Prep-Phase

• New to the PA Facilitation Model

During the prep phase, the facilitator...

- Will attempt to contact the parent and school/IEP team representative
- Will discuss the purpose of facilitation, answer questions about the process and their role as the facilitator
- Provides an opportunity to understand concerns or issues that may be relevant to the meeting and the reason the request for the service was made

Role of Facilitator

- Not a member of the team
- Not an advocate for either party (LEA or Parent)
- Supports a balanced and inclusive process
- Facilitator's role is to enhance communication to help sides address disagreements or conflict relating to IEP/IFSP/GIEP in a productive manner
- Facilitator serves as a guardian of the process and is not a decision maker on matters of FAPE



Role of Facilitator

- Facilitator offers no technical assistance or input regarding content
- Facilitator may offer assistance in terms of process, communication, effectiveness and efficiency
- Facilitator often sits in silence if parties are moving forward and the process is inclusive of participant perspectives



Benefits of IEP/IFSP/GIEP Facilitation

- May improve communication and have a positive impact on the school/family relationship
- Provides expertise in communication and conflict resolution strategies
- Helps participants explore concerns, identify options and resolve disagreements before the dispute results in a due process hearing



Resolution Meeting Facilitation	
Resolution Meeting Facilitation	
OFFICE FOR DISPUTE RESOLUTION	
Resolution Meeting	
• IDEA 2004 states that when parents initiate due	
process the LEA must hold a meeting with the parent within 15 days unless both sides agree to waive the meeting or use mediation	
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OFFICE FOR DISPUTE RESOLUTION	
Resolution Meeting Facilitation	
Available for all parent-initiated due process requests	

involving a child with a disability

for the facilitator

request

Voluntary and FREE for both sides for IDEA-related claims
 The LEA and parent schedule the meeting; ODR arranges

• If agreement is reached and issues resolved, the parent can ask the Hearing Officer to withdraw the due process

Resolution Meeting Facilitation

- The LEA and parent may have trouble reaching agreement at the meeting because dispute already exists
- CADRE is the national technical assistance provider for dispute resolution in special education
- CADRE initiated the concept of RM Facilitation
- ODR offers this service as an option for families and schools to reach agreement outside of the due process hearing



Role of the Facilitator

- Helps the parties focus on the child's needs
- Helps to maintain open communication among all parties
- Clarifies points of agreement and disagreement
- Maintains impartiality
- Does not impose a decision for the group
- May help the parties write an agreement



Benefits of Resolution Meeting Facilitation

- Builds and improves relationships
- Provides opportunities for parties to resolve conflicts which could remove the need for due process
- Encourages parents and professionals to identify new options
- Typically less stressful than a due process hearing



ODR

Resources available to assist constituents:

- ODR website
- Dispute Resolution Manual
- Online request submission and activity evaluation
- Informational videos
- Brochures/Fact sheets
- Links to state and federal resources
- Link to CADRE
- Parent Guide



ODR

Video Resources available:

- The Mediation Process
- IEP Facilitation
- Resolution Meeting
- Procedural Safeguards Notice
- Resolution Meeting Facilitation
- Mock Due Process Hearing
- Introduction to Special Education Law
- Motions Practice in a Due Process Hearing
- Procedural Safeguards Notice audio version



ODR

More Video Resources available on ODR website:

- A Tale of Two Conversations
- Hearing Officer Introductory videos
- 4-Part Video Series on Preparing for Due Process
 - Pre-Hearing Matters
 - Exhibits and Witnesses
 - The Hearing Itself
 - Tips on Participating in Due Process



Special Education ConsultLine

Special Education ConsultLine

- Toll-free service established in 1995 by PDE
- Became a service of the Office for Dispute Resolution in 2000
- Annually serves more than 3,000 parents and advocates of children with disabilities by providing information and assistance with special education-related issues
- Provides access to the state complaint process and information about special education laws, rights and protections/procedural
- Vast library of resources
- At times, provides intervention/early dispute resolution between parent and school using the Call Resolution Process (CRP)



About the Specialists

- ConsultLine is staffed by 3 Specialists who have a master's degree plus field experience in education, special education or a related human services field
- Highly trained in relevant education regulations, policy and dispute resolution services/procedural safeguards
- Possess good listening, analytical ability and research skills
- Regularly participate in ongoing staff development and training



How ConsultLine Works

- Constituent calls toll-free 800-879-2301
- Caller is prompted to leave a message, providing brief explanation of concern and convenient times for Specialists to return the call between 8:00 AM and 5:00 PM Monday through Friday
- Calls are returned in an equitable manner; interpreter service is used when Specialist is assisting a non-English speaker.
- Specialists attempt to return calls at least 3 times over the course of 3 business days

OFFICE FOR DISPUTE

RESOLUTION

Types of Calls

- Compliance: "My child's IEP calls for speech three times a week and that's not happening."
- Rights: "School says my child is ineligible for an IEP and I disagree. Can I get a second opinion?"
- Clarification: "My advocate tells me I can choose to not have my child receive special education...is that true?"
- **Process**: "My child is really struggling. How do I ask for an evaluation?"



Types of Calls

- Disagreement: "I don't think the proposed IEP is appropriate."
- Bullying "My child has Asperger's Syndrome and is being bullied on the playground."
- Section 504 "My child doesn't need an IEP, but has ADHD and it's affecting his/her ability to follow directions and complete assignments on time."



Types of Calls

- Mental Health "What's the difference between a TSS and classroom aide? How do I find out if my child qualifies for a TSS?"
- Gifted/Specific Learning Disability (SLD) "My son's IQ is 140 and he's failing English Lit. class. I'm afraid he might want to drop out if things don't turn around."
- Materials and Resource Requests: State forms, publications, referrals to Parent Training and Information Center (PTIC) or other public agency



Call Resolution Process (CRP)

- The Call Resolution Process (CRP) facilitates the possibility of early resolution of <u>compliance</u>-related concerns when parents provide permission
- CRP is an e-mail notice, sent by the Specialist to the chief special education administrator of the LEA. The message relays the parents' approved statement of concern and proposed resolution.
- The BSE Regional Advisor and Division Chief are copied on the e-mail notice



CRP Procedures

Before CRP is offered, the Specialist:

- Provides information about state and federal requirements based on the issue reported
- Discusses local efforts and options for addressing concerns
- Explains the process for filing a state complaint
- Determines whether or not the issue meets criteria to offer CRP



CRP Procedures

- Parent verbally approves an email message drafted by the Specialist
- Specialist sends the email to the Special Education lead administrator and copies BSE
- The LEA manages the e-mail information however it deems appropriate; the Specialist's role in CRP is complete once the email has been sent



CRP Procedures

- BSE Advisor contacts the LEA with a follow-up inquiry
- The parent may be contacted by the LEA and/or the BSE Advisor
- Parent receives the state complaint form from ConsultLine Specialist should they choose to file a complaint



CRP: Examples of Issues

- IEP non-implementation
- Timeline violations
- Discipline rule violations
- Child out of school
- Lack of notice provided to the parent
- Lack of consent
- Parent was not informed of student's progress as required by the IEP
- Behavior plan is not being followed



Hearing Officer Settlement Conference



Hearing Officer Settlement Conference

- An evaluative and confidential process available to parties after the due process complaint has been filed
- Provides an objective viewpoint from the perspective of an experienced hearing officer who is not assigned to the
- Mutually voluntary



Hearing Officer Settlement Conference

- An option parties may engage in at the "11th" hour when they are focused on issues
- \bullet Available to all parties whether represented or pro se
- Scheduled by the settlement conference hearing officer based on party availability
- Involves three-party discussion and two-party discussions



Hearing Officer Settlement Conference

- Discussions will focus on the specifics of the particular situation including:
 - how the law intersects with the <u>specifics of the situation</u> rather than just the law itself
 - facts and particulars influence the impact of the law; the Hearing Officer is in a unique position to raise awareness of this fact to the parties



Important to Know

- Will not address attorney's fees
- Statements by Hearing Officer do not constitute legal advice
- Does not result in a written decision
- Not intended to help parties "prepare" for a case



Important to Know

- The settlement conference process is independent of the due process hearing and does not automatically extend the hearing decision due date
- Due process may be withdrawn if settlement conference results in parties reaching agreement



Potential Benefits

- An opportunity to talk about the situation with a knowledgeable and impartial person
- High degree of flexibility in the process
- Possibility for facilitated settlement discussions, creative solutions and proposed resolutions
- Saves time, money and other resources associated with a due process hearing



Creating Agreement in PA

- ODR providing conflict resolution training across the state since 2002
- In 2008, ODR joined the national effort to build capacity for early dispute resolution through Creating Agreement.
- PA has been lead state in nation for delivering Creating Agreement
- Provided at no cost to the participants (parent organizations, schools, related agencies)



Creating Agreement in PA

Key concepts of Creating Agreement Model:

- Value of Conflict
- Conflict style
- Perceptions
- Conflict resolution styles
- Positions and interests
- Listening and communication
- Power imbalance
- Cultural reciprocity



Special Education Dispute Resolution Manual

The **Special Education Dispute Resolution Manual** describes the due process hearing procedures in detail. It outlines the mediation and due process procedures for all age groups. This manual is available on ODR's web page (www.odr-pa.org), or can be mailed to any interested party upon request.



Parent Guide





Stakeholder Council

- Diverse membership that includes parents, advocates, attorneys, educators, constituency groups
- Self sustaining
- Provides functional input on the services of ODR
- Interviews hearing officer candidates and makes recommendations



Consider

- "The strength of a relationship is not to be measured in the frequency or magnitude of the difficulties encountered, but rather in the ability to resolve them."
 - -Nicholas Martin



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